TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Financial Statements
December 31, 2009

and

Independent Auditor's Report

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vcccpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Warner, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Warner, New Hampshire (the Town) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, management has not recorded a liability for other post-employment benefits in governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other post-employment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net assets, and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net assets, and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities of the Town of Warner, New Hampshire as of December 31, 2009, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Warner, New Hampshire as of December 31, 2009 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages ivi and 21-22, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Warner, New Hampshire's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Vachon Clukay & Company PL

June 7, 2011

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2009

The following is a discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Warner, New Hampshire for the year ending December 31, 2009. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of this presentation (including all disclosures) rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data contained herein is accurate in all material respects. This data is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the Town's financial position, and the result of operations of the various funds of the Town. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an accurate understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements include three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to most private-sector companies.

The **Statement of Net Assets** presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future periods (such as uncollected taxes and interest on long-term obligations).

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements report using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental activities statement of net assets and statement of activities.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town's fiduciary funds include various private-purpose trust funds in addition to funds held for planning board fees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements and accompanying notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the Town's major governmental funds and includes a reconciliation between the reported activity of the revenues, expenditures and transfers for budgetary purposes (Schedule 1) and the activity as presented in the governmental fund financial statements (Exhibit D). The Town's only major governmental fund for 2009 with an adopted budget is the General Fund.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Assets

The Town's net assets totaled \$8,237,345 at the end of 2009, an increase of \$795,800 when compared to the net assets as of December 31, 2008.

Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	2009 4,118,015 6,517,350 10,635,365	\$	2008 3,713,459 6,013,098 9,726,557
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	***************************************	472,375 1,925,645 2,398,020		542,530 1,742,482 2,285,012
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	\$	6,245,902 991,953 999,490 8,237,345	<u>\$</u>	5,692,742 1,018,136 730,667 7,441,545

The largest portion of the Town's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.

Statement of Activities

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Town's total revenue of \$4,356,352 exceeded expenses of \$3,560,552.

Changes in net assets for the years ending December 31, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

		<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>		
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	139,442	\$	131,227	
Operating grants and contributions		453,624		375,845	
Capital grants and contributions		621,230		147,393	
General revenues:					
Property and other taxes		2,545,628		2,512,156	
Licenses and permits		406,021		421,566	
Grants and contributions		135,981		167,859	
Interest and investment earnings		37,023		49,428	
Miscellaneous		16,803		22,310	
Contributions to permanent fund principal		600		1,150	
Total revenues		4,356,352		3,828,934	
Expenses					
General government		798,490		721,581	
Public safety		788,893		876,158	
Highways and streets		1,241,006		1,326,265	
Health and welfare		22,334		14,618	
Sanitation		333,042		353,037	
Culture and recreation		355,198		307,088	
Economic development		11,697			
Interest and fiscal charges		9,892		11,591	
Total expenses		3,560,552		3,610,338	
Increase in net assets		795,800		218,596	
Net assets, beginning of year		7,441,545		7,222,949	
	Φ.		C		
Net assets, end of year	\$	8,237,345	\$	7,441,545	

Property and other taxes brought in \$2,545,628 in revenues. Licenses and permits generated \$406,021 in revenues. Other revenues consisted of charges for services, grants, contributions, interest and investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

The Town's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for general government (22.43%), public safety (22.16%), and highways and streets (34.85%) which accounted for 79.44% of total expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may

serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the general fund had a total fund balance of \$431,762. This total fund balance includes reserves for encumbrances of \$91,484 and prepaid expenses of \$1,704 at year end. The General Fund balance increased \$240,572 from December 31, 2008. During the tax rate setting process, the Town applied \$35,000 of its unappropriated fund balance from December 31, 2008 to reduce taxes.

Capital Reserve Fund

The Capital Reserve Fund had a net increase of \$47,214 from December 31, 2008. The Selectmen are agents of the various Capital Reserve Funds and authorized disbursements during 2009 of \$481,615. The budgeted transfer of funds from the General Fund amounted to \$470,000 while interest income and intergovernmental revenue generated \$66,163.

Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund

Substantial work was performed on the Connors Bridge during 2009. Total expenditures of \$681,054 were offset by intergovernmental revenue and transfers from the capital reserve funds.

Other Governmental Funds

The total fund balance of \$569,819 in the other governmental funds is restricted for the purposes of the individually established fund. The largest portion of this total represents the balance in the Library Fund (\$299,768 or 52.61%).

The total fund balance in the other governmental funds decreased \$74,849 from December 31, 2008.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final budget for estimated revenues is \$218,330 higher than the original budget. This is due to unanticipated grants that were received during the year. Actual revenues on the budgetary basis were lower than the budgeted amount by \$3,233.

During the year, the original budget increased by \$218,330. This increase is the net result of unanticipated grants received. The Town underexpended its budget by \$220,899. Demonstrating fiscal restraint, town officials were able to manage the town's business under budget. The key areas of savings resulted in the following functions: general government and highways and streets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets

The Town considers a capital asset to be an asset whose costs exceeds \$10,000 and has a useful life of greater than (1) year. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their useful life.

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2009 amounts to \$9,415,909. Accumulated depreciation amounts to \$2,898,559, leaving a net book value of \$6,517,350. This investment in capital assets includes equipment and real property. See Note 7 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for a summary of all capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

At December 31, 2009, the Town of Warner had total outstanding bonded debt of \$271,448. During the course of the year, no new general obligation bonds were issued and the reduction in bonds of \$48,908 was due to payments made on existing bonds.

Additional information on the Town's long-term obligations can be found in Note 10 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Town is in stable financial condition with little long-term debt. The Board of Selectmen and Budget Committee have continued to strive to keep the town portion of the tax rate as level as possible while not impacting services. The Capital Improvement Committee continues to update the Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) and forward that information to both the Selectmen and Budget Committee so that funding options can be explored as part of the budgetary process. In the next few years, we expect there will be discussions surrounding building a new fire station which would require the Town to review long-term funding options. The Selectmen will be reviewing the feasibility of long term funding in association with road projects in the future as well.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all of Warner citizens, taxpayers, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Town of Warner, Selectmen's Office, P.O. Box 265, Warner, NH 03278.

EXHIBIT A

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2009

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,775,635
Investments	1,234,034
Taxes receivable, net	591,657
Accounts receivable, net	28,917
Due from other governments	486,068
Prepaid expenses	1,704
Total Current Assets	4,118,015
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	2,030,880
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,486,470
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,517,350
Total Assets	\$10,635,365
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 63,698
Accrued expenses	27,230
Deferred revenue	3,277
Due to other governments	1,753,820
Current portion of bonds payable	50,620
Current portion of estimated liability for landfill	
closure and postclosure care costs	27,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,925,645
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds payable	220,828
Estimated liability for landfill closure and	,
postclosure care costs	187,989
Compensated absences	63,558
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	472,375
Total Liabilities	2,398,020
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,245,902
Restricted	991,953
Unrestricted	999,490
Total Net Assets	8,237,345
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$10,635,365

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Pro	ogram Revenu		let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
			Operating	Capital Grants			
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities		
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 798,490	\$ 58,438	\$ 3,575		\$ (736,477)		
Public safety	788,893	12,249	23,157		(753,487)		
Highways and streets	1,241,006		412,695	\$ 621,230	(207,081)		
Health and welfare	22,334				(22,334)		
Sanitation	333,042	68,007	2,500		(262,535)		
Culture and recreation	355,198	748			(354,450)		
Economic development	11,697		11,697		-		
Interest and fiscal charges	9,892		***************************************		(9,892)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,560,552	\$ 139,442	\$ 453,624	\$ 621,230	(2,346,256)		
	General reven	ies:					
	Property and	other taxes			2,545,628		
	Licenses and	permits			406,021		
	Grants and co	ntributions:					
	Rooms and r	neals tax distributi	on		130,110		
	State and fed	leral forest land rei	mbursement		5,871		
	Interest and in	vestment earnings			37,023		
	Miscellaneous	3			16,803		
	600						
	Total gene	ral revenues and co	ontributions to				
	permanen	t fund principal			3,142,056		
Change in net assets							
	Net assets - be	ginning			7,441,545		
	Net assets - en	ding			\$ 8,237,345		

EXHIBIT C

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2009

Capital Capital Other Total	December 31, 2009							
Cash and cash equivalents \$1,347,183 \$239,632 \$188,820 \$1,775,635 Investments \$591,657 \$30,099 1,234,034 Taxes receivable, net \$28,917 \$358,844 \$36,608 Due from other governments \$127,224 \$358,844 \$486,068 Due from other funds \$618,030 7,491 \$625,521 Prepaid expenses \$1,704 \$366,335 \$569,819 \$4,743,536 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$63,698 \$63,698 \$63,698 \$63,698 Accrued expenses \$19,907 \$19,907 \$19,907 \$19,907 \$19,907 \$19,907 \$19,907 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,753,820 \$1,704 \$1,753,820 \$1,704 \$1,753,820 \$1,704 \$1,753,820 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 \$1,704 </td <td>ACCETC</td> <td></td> <td>Reserve</td> <td>Projects</td> <td>Other Governmental</td> <td>Governmental</td>	ACCETC		Reserve	Projects	Other Governmental	Governmental		
Investments 853,035 380,999 1,234,034 Taxes receivable, net 591,657 \$91,657 \$28,917 28,917 28,917 28,917 28,917 28,917 625,521 28,917 486,668 20.67 29,918 358,844 486,668 20.65,521 1,704 1,704 1,704 1,704 1,704 1,704 366,335 \$569,819 \$4,743,536 4,743,536 \$4,743,536 \$63,698		0 1 247 102	n 220 (2)	2	Ø 100 000	Ф 1 <i>775 (25</i>		
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Accounts receivable, net		# O 1	853,033		380,999			
Due from other governments 127,224 \$358,844 486,068 Due from other funds 618,030 7,491 625,521 Prepaid expenses 1,704 - 1,704 Total Assets \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 \$4,743,536 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$63,698 - - \$63,698 Accounts payable \$45,528 - - \$19,907 Due foreign governments 1,753,820 - - 19,907 Due to other funds 1,753,820 - - 1,753,820 FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 - 61,813 61,813 Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 - 61,813 61,813 Reserved for encumbrances 1,704 - 61,813 61,813 Reserved for encumbrances 1,704 - 1,704 - 1,704 R						·		
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Prepaid expenses								
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LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$63,698	•							
Accounts payable \$ 63,698 \$ 63,698 Accrued expenses 19,907 \$ 19,907 Deferred revenue 445,528 \$ 19,907 Due to other governments 1,753,820 \$ 1,753,820 Due to other funds \$ 259,186 \$ 366,335 \$ 2,908,474 FUND BALANCES Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 \$ 2,91,866 366,335 \$ 2,908,474 Reserved for prepaid expenses 1,704 \$ 61,813 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: \$ 1,704 \$ 61,813 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: \$ 833,481 \$ 495,486 1,328,967 Special revenue funds \$ 833,481 \$ 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds \$ 2,714,715 \$ 1,092,667 \$ 366,335 \$ 569,819 1,835,062 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 2,714,715 \$ 1,092,667 \$ 366,335 \$ 569,819 1,835,062 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: <td colspan<="" td=""><td>Total Assets</td><td>\$ 2,714,715</td><td>\$ 1,092,66</td><td>\$ 366,335</td><td>\$ 569,819</td><td>\$ 4,743,536</td></td>	<td>Total Assets</td> <td>\$ 2,714,715</td> <td>\$ 1,092,66</td> <td>\$ 366,335</td> <td>\$ 569,819</td> <td>\$ 4,743,536</td>	Total Assets	\$ 2,714,715	\$ 1,092,66	\$ 366,335	\$ 569,819	\$ 4,743,536	
19,907 1	LIABILITIES							
Deferred revenue 445,528 445,528 Due to other governments 1,753,820 1,753,820 Due to other funds 2,282,953 259,186 \$ 366,335 625,521 FUND BALANCES Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 \$ 259,186 366,335 \$ 2,908,474 Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 \$ 2,908,474 \$ 91,484 Reserved for endowments 1,704 \$ 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 \$ 833,481 \$ 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 833,481 \$ 12,520 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 \$ 569,819 1,835,062 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$ 2,714,715 \$ 1,092,667 \$ 366,335 \$ 569,819 1,835,062 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: \$ 1,092,667 \$ 366,335 \$ 569,819 \$ 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an a	Accounts payable	\$ 63,698				\$ 63,698		
1,753,820	Accrued expenses	19,907				19,907		
1,753,820	Deferred revenue	445,528				445,528		
Name	Due to other governments							
FUND BALANCES Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 Reserved for prepaid expenses 1,704 1,704 Reserved for endowments 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the current	-	, ,	\$ 259,180	\$ 366,335		625,521		
Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 Reserved for prepaid expenses 1,704 1,704 Reserved for endowments 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the current	Total Liabilities	2,282,953			\$ -	2,908,474		
Reserved for encumbrances 91,484 Reserved for prepaid expenses 1,704 1,704 Reserved for endowments 61,813 61,813 Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis in the current	ELIND DALANCES							
Reserved for prepaid expenses 1,704		01.494				01 494		
Reserved for endowments Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		•				·		
Unreserved, reported in: General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 1,328,967 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	· · · ·	1,704			C1 012	•		
General fund 338,574 Special revenue funds 833,481 495,486 Permanent funds 12,520 12,520 Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current					61,813	61,813		
Special revenue funds Permanent funds Total Fund Balances Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current						220 554		
Permanent funds Total Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current 12,520 12,520 1,835,062 1,835,062 \$ 569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 442,251		338,574			10 7 10 6			
Total Fund Balances 431,762 833,481 - 569,819 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$2,714,715 \$1,092,667 \$366,335 \$569,819 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis 442,251 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	•		833,481	l	•			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$\frac{\\$2,714,715}{\\$2,714,715}\$\$\$\$\frac{\\$1,092,667}{\\$366,335}\$\$\$\frac{\\$569,819}{\\$569,819}\$\$ Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current								
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis 442,251 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	Total Fund Balances					1,835,062		
net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 6,517,350 Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis 442,251 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,714,715	\$ 1,092,667	\$ 366,335	\$ 569,819			
Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis 442,251 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	net assets are different bec	ause:						
statement of net assets, not the modified accrual basis 442,251 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	resources and, therefore	ore, are not repor	ted in the func	ls		6,517,350		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current								
	statement of net asset	s, not the modifie	ed accrual bas	is		442,251		
DEHOU ARD, INCIGIOLE ARE NOT REDOTTED IN THE HINGS. LONG-TERM								
liabilities at year end consist of:	•	•	in the funds.	Long-term				
Bonds payable (271,448)	· ·							
Accrued interest on long-term obligations (7,323)	Accrued interest on long-term obligations							
Compensated absences (63,558)	Compensated abser	nces				(63,558)		
	_		re and postclo	sure care costs		(214,989)		
Net assets of governmental activities § 8,237,345	Net assets of governmental	activities				\$ 8,237,345		

EXHIBIT D

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Net Change in Fund BalancesTotal Governmental Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	activities are different because:	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	nowever, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense	This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current neriod		Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental	funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	statement of net assets.		In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding	bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure	is reported when due.	Some expense reported in the statement of activities, such as	compensated absences and the estimated liability for landfill	closure and postclosure care costs, do not require the use of	current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities				
Other Total Governmental Governmental <u>Funds</u> <u>Funds</u>	\$ 2,535,529	1,210,835	138,694 37,023	19,402	+00°, +0°,+		686,669	689,083	857,806	22,334	350,749	337,028	11,697	1,106,361	;	48,908	4 134 567	1,1,1,1,1		212,937		616,250	(616,250)		212,937	1,622,125	\$ 1,835,062
-	\$ 2,726		15,931	8,305	70,707		224				26	190,176	000	769'9			197 189	7016171	1	(170,227)		890'86	(2,690)	95,378	(74,849)	644,668	\$ 569,819
Connors Bridge Capital Projects		\$ 571,385		571 385	11,000								0	618,054			618.054	0,00		(46,669)		46,669		46,669	1	3	·
Capital Reserve <u>Fund</u>		\$ 49,845	16,318	291 99	60,100								7101	481,613			481.615			(415,452)		470,000	(7,334)	462,666	47,214	786,267	\$ 833,481
General <u>Fund</u>	\$ 2,532,803	589,605	4,774	3 682 994			699,165	689,083	857,806	22,334	350,652	146,852	11,697			48,908	2.837.709		1	845,285		1,513	(606,226)	(604,713)	240,572	191,190	\$ 431,762
Descentions	Taxes Licenses and permits	Intergovernmental Charges for services	Interest and investment income	Miscellaneous Total Revenues		Expenditures: Current operations:	General government	Public safety	Highways and streets	Health and welfare	Sanitation	Culture and recreation	Economic development	Capital Outlay	Debt service:	Frincipal retirement	interest and itscal charges Total Expenditures		Excess revenues over	(under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses):	Transfers in	Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances at beginning of year	Fund balances at end of year

504,252

\$ 212,937

8,848

48,908

1,320

19,535

\$ 795,800

EXHIBIT E

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2009

A COLDEG	•	gency unds
ASSETS	ф. 2 04 г	0.001
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,947 \$	2,221
Investments Total assets	266,035 \$ 268,982 \$	2,221
LIABILITIES Deposits Total liabilities	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,221 2,221
NET ASSETS Held in trust Total net assets	268,982 \$ 268,982	

EXHIBIT F

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Private-
	Purpose
	Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Private donations	\$ 250
Interest	337
Total Contributions	587
Investment earnings:	
Interest	9,298
Realized (losses) on investments	(187)
Net increase in the fair value of investments	9,880
Total Investment Earnings	18,991
Total Additions	19,578
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits	6,611
Administrative expenses	666
Total Deductions	7,277
Change in Net Assets	12,301
Net assets - beginning of year	256,681
Net assets - end of year	\$ 268,982

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Warner, New Hampshire conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America for local governmental units, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Warner, New Hampshire (the Town) was incorporated in 1774. The Town operates under the Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of government and performs local governmental functions authorized by State law.

The financial statements include those of the various departments governed by the Board of Selectmen and other officials with financial responsibility. The Town has no other separate organizational units, which meet criteria for inclusion in the financial statements as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Town at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the Town segregates transactions related to certain Town functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Town at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a

separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The Town uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Town employs the use of two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Reserve Fund accounts for all financial resources of the various trust arrangements held by the Trustees of Trust Funds in which the principal and income benefit the various departments of the Town.

The Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the construction of Connors Bridge located in the Town. It accounts for the federal and state funding of the project and the related capital outlay expenditures.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Town under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town maintains three private purpose trust funds which account for monies designated to benefit individuals within the Town. The Town's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Town's agency funds consist of planning board fees and timber bond funds.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Town are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

In the government-wide financial statements, private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Town has elected not to follow the FASB pronouncements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Town, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 3). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Town must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Town on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes and interest on investments.

Licenses and permits, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues (except interest on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

2. Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by annual or special Town meetings. The Selectmen may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The Town adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but permits the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the year ended December 31, 2009 the Town applied \$35,000 of its unappropriated fund balance to reduce taxes.

Investments

Investments are stated at their fair value in all funds. Certificates of deposit with a maturity of greater than ninety days from the date of issuance are included in investments.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes levied during the current year and prior and uncollected at December 31, 2009 are recorded as receivables net of reserves for estimated uncollectibles of \$35,000.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2009 are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets including infrastructure are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair values as of the date received. The Town maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The Town's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

The Town is not required to retroactively report its general infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, and sidewalks). Accordingly, infrastructure acquired prior to January 1, 2004 has not been capitalized. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Town did incur costs for infrastructure improvements that are required to be capitalized in accordance with the Town's policy. However, since this infrastructure improvement project is not complete as of December 31, 2009, the incurred costs have been reported as construction in process.

All reported capital assets except for land and works of art are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure are estimated based on the Town's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	15
Buildings and improvements	39-50
Vehicles and equipment	5-20

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to the Town personnel policy, employees earn vacation dependent on length of service. Provision is made in the annual budget for vacation leave. Any unused vacation time shall expire on December 31st and may not be carried forward.

Pursuant to the personnel policy, full time employees may accumulate sick leave days at a rate of 4 hours per month. The maximum amount of days an employee can accumulate may not exceed 90 days. Upon separation from the Town, an employee will be reimbursed for up to 30 sick days only if a two-week notice has been given.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee death or retirement. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Except for the obligation for other post-employment benefits (see Note 2), all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In

general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Town's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Balance Reserves

The Town reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances, prepaid expenses and endowments.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include depreciation expense and the allowance for uncollectible taxes.

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Town did not implement GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Statement 45 requires governments to account for other

post-employment benefits (OPEB), primarily healthcare, on an accrual basis rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The provisions of GASB 45 were required to be implemented by the Town during the year ended December 31, 2009.

NOTE 3--PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes are levied on the assessed valuation of all taxable real property as of the prior April 1 (\$286,145,570 as of April 1, 2009) and are due in two installments on July 1, 2009 and December 1, 2009. Taxes paid after the due dates accrue interest at 12% per annum. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when received in cash or if available to finance current period operations (within sixty days of year end).

Under State law, the Tax Collector obtains tax liens on properties which have unpaid taxes in the following calendar year after taxes were due for the amount of unpaid taxes, interest and costs. These priority tax liens accrue interest at 18% per annum. If the property is not redeemed within a two year redemption period, the property is tax deeded to the Town.

In accordance with State law, the Town collects taxes for the Kearsarge Regional School District, Merrimack County, and Warner Village Water District, all independent governmental units, which are remitted to them as required by law. The Town also collects State of New Hampshire Education taxes, which are remitted directly to the school district. Total taxes appropriated during the year were \$3,456,697, \$759,028 and \$136,257 for the Kearsarge Regional School District, Merrimack County, and Warner Village Water District, respectively. These taxes are not recognized as revenues in these financial statements. The Town bears responsibility for uncollected taxes.

NOTE 4--RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Town was a member of the Local Government Center (LGC) and the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (PRIMEX). The Town currently reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund. These Trusts are classified as "Risk Pools" in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Trust agreements permit the Trusts to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trusts foresee no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at December 31, 2009.

Property and Liability Insurance

The LGC provides certain property and liability insurance coverages to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the LGC, the Town shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program.

The program includes a Self Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000.

Worker's Compensation

PRIMEX provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is self-sustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 5--DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town does not have an investment policy for the investment of public funds in governmental funds. Investments of the library funds are at the discretion of the Library Trustees, who also do not have an investment policy. Responsibility for the investments of the capital reserve funds, expendable trust funds, permanent funds and private purpose trust funds is with the Board of Trustees. The overall investment portfolio of the Trust Funds shall be managed in accordance with the prudent person rule.

Deposits and investments as of December 31, 2009 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,775,635
Investments	1,234,034
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	5,168
Investments	266,035
	\$ 3,280,872

Deposits and investments at December 31, 2009 consist of the following:

2,962,176
317,519
\$ 3,280,872

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Town manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time.

The Town has no policy regarding interest rate risk for its governmental funds. The Library Trustees also have no policy regarding interest rate risk. The policy of the Trustees of Trust Funds states that adequate cash and cash equivalents need to be kept available to meet the current withdrawal needs.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Town's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Years)					
Investment Type		0-	·1 Years	1	-5 Years	≥	5 Years
U.S. Treasury notes	\$ 46,569	\$	20,666	\$	15,861	\$	10,042
U.S. Government securities	116,894				70,380		46,514
Corporate bonds	 31,080				20,830		10,250
•	\$ 194,543	\$	20,666	\$	107,071	\$	66,806

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The Town has no policy regarding credit risk for its governmental funds. Also, the Library Trustees have no policy regarding credit risk. The policy of the Trustees of Trust Funds indicates that investments should be at least rated "A". Investments of the trust funds may also be held in United States Government obligations or Federal Agency obligations.

The following is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Aa</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>No</u>	t rated
Corporate bonds	\$ 31,080	\$ 20,830	\$ 10,250		
Money market mutual funds	9,801			\$	9,801
Mutual funds	113,175			1_	13,175
	\$ 154,056	\$ 20,830	\$ 10,250	\$ 12	22,976

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for its governmental funds. Also, the Library Trustees have no policy regarding custodial credit risk. The policy of the Trustees of Trust Funds states that funds may be invested in FDIC insured banks. The Trustees have also acquired collateral to insure funds in excess of FDIC deposit limits. The investment policy of the Trustees of Trust Funds further specifies an asset allocation as follows: 80% fixed income and 20% equities. An asset allocation within a 3-4% range of these guidelines is deemed reasonable and acceptable.

Of the Town's deposits with financial institutions at year end, \$1,923,209 was collateralized by securities held by the bank in the bank's name and \$139,704 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

As of December 31, 2009, Town investments in the following investment types were held by the same counterparty that was used to buy the securities.

	Reported	
Investment Type		<u>Amount</u>
U.S. Government securities	\$	116,894
U.S. Treasury notes		46,569
Corporate bonds		31,080
Money market mutual funds		9,801
Mutual funds		113,175
	\$	317,519

NOTE 6—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables from other governments at December 31, 2009 consist of various federal and state fundings. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

State of NH - Bridge State Aid	\$ 333,983
FEMA - Disaster assistance grants	146,573
Safe Routes to School grant	5,000
Dry hydrant grant	512
	\$ 486,068

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets in the governmental funds:

	Balance			Balance
	01/01/09	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	12/31/09
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,205,416	\$ 93,151		\$ 1,298,567
Construction in process	91,744	621,454		713,198
Works of Art	19,115			19,115
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,316,275	<u>714,605</u>	\$ -	2,030,880
Other capital assets:				
Land improvements	96,000			96,000
Buildings and improvements	4,363,707			4,363,707
Vehicles and equipment	2,886,822	38,500		2,925,322
Total other capital assets at historical cost	7,346,529	38,500	***	7,385,029
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(24,000)	(6,400)		(30,400)
Buildings and improvements	(1,149,884)	(84,360)		(1,234,244)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,475,822)	(158,093)		(1,633,915)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,649,706)	(248,853)	-	(2,898,559)
Total other capital assets, net	4,696,823	(210,353)		4,486,470
Total capital assets, net	\$ 6,013,098	\$ 504,252	\$ -	\$ 6,517,350

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$	17,187
Public safety		99,012
Highways and streets		113,000
Sanitation		9,906
Culture and recreation	*********	9,748
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	248,853

NOTE 8—DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

In accordance with State law, the Town collects taxes for the Kearsarge Regional School District, Merrimack County, and Warner Village Water District, all independent governmental units, which are remitted to them as required by law. At December 31, 2009, the balance of the property tax appropriation due to the Kearsarge Regional School District is \$1,753,820.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The Town contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the NHRS Board of Trustees. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature. The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

Funding Policy

Covered public safety employees are required to contribute 9.3% of their covered salary, whereas general employees are required to contribute 5.0% of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Town's contribution rates for the covered payroll of police officers and general employees were 11.84% and 8.74%, respectively, through June 30, 2009 and 13.66% and 9.16%, respectively, thereafter. The Town contributes 65% of the employer cost for public safety officers employed by the Town, and the State contributes the remaining 35% of the employer cost, through June 30, 2009 and 70% and 30%, respectively, thereafter. The Town contributes 100% of the employer cost for general employees of the Town. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GASB Statement #24), on-behalf fringe benefits contributed by the State of New Hampshire of \$12,645 have been reported as a revenue and expenditure in the General Fund in these financial statements.

Per RSA-100:16, plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The Town's contributions to the NHRS for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$68,563, \$68,196, and \$53,694, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2009 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	01/01/09	Additions	Reductions	12/31/09	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 320,356		\$ (48,908)	\$ 271,448	\$ 50,620
Compensated absences	56,343	\$ 21,643	(14,428)	63,558	
Total governmental activities	\$ 376,699	\$ 21,643	\$ (63,336)	\$ 335,006	\$ 50,620

Payments on the other general obligation bonds are paid out of the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund the employee's salary is paid.

General Obligation Bonds

Bonds payable at December 31, 2009 are comprised of the following individual issues:

\$500,000 Gravel Pit and Road Project Bonds payable in annual installments of \$60,121, including interest at 3.50%, through March 2014 \$271,448

Debt service requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2010	\$ 50,620	\$ 9,501	\$ 60,121
2011	52,392	7,729	60,121
2012	54,226	5,895	60,121
2013	56,123	3,998	60,121
2014	58,087	2,034	60,121
	\$ 271,448	\$ 29,157	\$ 300,605

NOTE 11—LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

During 1998, the sanitary landfill previously operated under an intergovernmental agreement with the Town of Hopkinton was closed. The Town of Warner is responsible for annual payments to the Town of Hopkinton based on twenty percent of the annual bond payment for the landfill closure. Estimated postclosure, inspection, maintenance and monitoring costs are \$6,143 through the year 2017. However, the actual cost of postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. An estimated liability of \$214,989 has been recorded in the Statement of Net Assets based on the Town's share of the bond payments and the estimated future postclosure care costs at current dollars.

The following is a summary of changes in the estimated liability for closure and postclosure care cost for the year ended December 31, 2009:

Balance - January 1, 2009	\$ 241,739
Expenditures recognized in General Fund	(27,526)
Net change in estimated liability for postclosure care costs	 776
Balance - December 31, 2009	\$ 214,989

NOTE 12—INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Selectmen have been named as agents for the individual Capital Reserve Funds. Amounts expended out of the General Fund and not reimbursed prior to year end from the applicable trust fund or capital projects fund are reflected in the interfund balances. As of December 31, 2009, the interfund balances are as follows:

		Due from	
		Connors	
	Capital	Bridge	
	Reserve	Capital Projects	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
୍ର General Fund	\$ 251,695	\$ 366,335	\$ 618,030
Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund	7,491		7,491
	\$ 259,186	\$ 366,335	\$ 625,521

During the year, several interfund transactions occurred between funds. The various transfers between the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund, and Nonmajor Governmental Funds were made in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers out of the Permanent Funds (a Nonmajor Governmental Fund) to the General Fund and other Nonmajor Governmental Funds were to distribute the earned income during the year to support the Town's programs. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2009 are as follows:

			Transi	er fror	o III III III III III III III III III I		
			Capital		nmajor		
	General	R	eserve	Gov	ernmental		
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	Ţ	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>	3
♀ General Fund				\$	1,513	\$ 1,5	13
Capital Reserve Fund Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 470,000					470,00	00
Connors Bridge Capital Projects Fund	39,335	\$	7,334			46,66	59
Monmajor Governmental Funds	96,891				1,177	98,06	<u>58</u>
	\$ 606,226	\$	7,334	\$	2,690	\$ 616,25	50

NOTE 13—RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Net assets are restricted for specific purposes as follows:

Endowments	\$ 61,813
Capital reserve	833,481
Expendable trusts	52,457
Conservation	44,202
	\$ 991,953

NOTE 14—PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal may be used for purposes that support the Town's programs. Principal and income balances at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cemetery funds	\$ 50,502	\$ 13,805	\$ 64,307
Library funds	10,329	(1,292)	9,037
Public land funds	982	7	989
	\$ 61,813	\$ 12,520	\$ 74,333

NOTE 15—CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Town's general counsel estimates that any potential claims against the Town, which are not covered by insurance, are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the Town.

NOTE 16—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During September 2010, the Town entered into a capital lease agreement for \$376,000 for the purpose of acquiring fire truck. The capital lease obligation is due in monthly installments of \$2,688 including interest at 3.50% through September 2025. This contract is subject to cancellation should funds not be appropriated to meet payment obligations.

SCHEDULE 1

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

				Variance with
	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget -
			Actual	Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,479,294	\$ 2,479,294	\$ 2,541,651	\$ 62,357
Licenses and permits	411,900	411,900	406,021	(5,879)
Intergovernmental	458,119	676,449	576,960	(99,489)
Charges for services	100,000	100,000	138,694	38,694
Interest income	4,000	4,000	4,774	774
Miscellaneous	11,300	11,300	11,097	(203)
Total Revenues	3,464,613	3,682,943	3,679,197	(3,746)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	731,258	734,833	686,785	48,048
Public safety	719,499	922,557	758,872	163,685
Highways and streets	895,450	856,115	857,806	(1,691)
Health and welfare	26,083	26,083	22,334	3,749
Sanitation	354,352	354,352	350,652	3,700
Culture and recreation	144,046	144,046	143,552	494
Economic development		11,697	11,697	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	48,908	48,908	48,908	-
Interest and fiscal charges	11,212	11,212	11,212	•••
Total Expenditures	2,930,808	3,109,803	2,891,818	217,985
Excess revenues over expenditures	533,805	573,140	787,379	214,239
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,000	1,000	1,513	513
Transfers out	(569,805)	(609,140)	(606,226)	2,914
Total other financing sources (uses)	(568,805)	(608,140)	(604,713)	3,427
Net change in fund balances	(35,000)	(35,000)	182,666	217,666
Fund balance at beginning of year				
- Budgetary Basis	599,863	599,863	599,863	***
Fund balance at end of year				
- Budgetary Basis	\$ 564,863	\$ 564,863	\$ 782,529	\$ 217,666

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2009

NOTE 1—BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund are reported on the basis budgeted by the Town. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). Property tax budgetary revenues are recognized when levied rather than when susceptible to accrual. Budgetary expenditures were adjusted for encumbrances and on-behalf payments for fringe benefits.

	Revenues	Expenditures
	and Other	and Other
	Financing	Financing
	Sources	<u>Uses</u>
Per Exhibit D	\$ 3,684,507	\$ 3,443,935
Difference in property taxes meeting		
susceptible to accrual criteria	8,848	
Encumbrances, December 31, 2008		(24,730)
Encumbrances, December 31, 2009		91,484
On-behalf fringe benefits	(12,645)	(12,645)
Per Schedule 1	\$ 3,680,710	\$ 3,498,044

Budgetary information in these financial statements has been presented only for the General Fund as there is no adopted budget for the Capital Reserve Fund.

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES

The components of the budgetary fund balance for the General Fund are as follows:

Reserved for prepaid expenses	\$ 1,704
Unreserved:	
Undesignated	 780,825
	\$ 782,529

SCHEDULE A

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Combining Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds

December 31, 2009

	Special		
	Revenue	Combining	
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 188,252	\$ 568	\$ 188,820
Investments	307,234	73,765	380,999
Total Assets	\$ 495,486	\$ 74,333	\$ 569,819
FUND BALANCES			
Reserved for endowments		\$ 61,813	\$ 61,813
Unreserved, reported in:			
Special revenue funds	\$ 495,486		495,486
Permanent funds		12,520	12,520
Total Fund Balances	\$ 495,486	\$ 74,333	\$ 569,819

SCHEDULE A-1

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2009

Combining <u>Totals</u>	\$ 188,252 307,234 \$ 495,486	\$ 495,486
Expendable Trust <u>Funds</u>	\$ 46,752 5,705 \$ 52,457	\$ 52,457 \$ 52,457
Conservation Commission <u>Fund</u>	\$ 44,202 \$ 44,202	\$ 44,202 \$ 44,202
Chandler Reservation <u>Fund</u>	\$ 32,491 59,056 \$ 91,547	\$ 91,547 \$ 91,547
Beautification <u>Fund</u>	\$ 2,553	\$ 2,553 \$ 2,553
Hazardous Materials <u>Fund</u>	\$ 4,959	\$ 4,959 \$ 4,959
Library <u>Fund</u>	\$ 57,295 242,473 \$ 299,768	\$ 299,768
ASSETS	Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total Assets	FUND BALANCES Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Total Fund Balances

SCHEDULE B TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Parrier	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
Revenues:	Φ 2.726		e 2.726
Taxes	\$ 2,726	D 4004	\$ 2,726
Interest and investment income	10,947	\$ 4,984	15,931
Miscellaneous	7,705	600	8,305
Total Revenues	21,378	5,584	26,962
Expenditures:			
Current operations:			
General government		224	224
Sanitation	97		97
Culture and recreation	190,176		190,176
Capital outlay	6,692		6,692
Total Expenditures	196,965	224	197,189
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(175,587)	5,360	(170,227)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	98,068		98,068
Transfers out		(2,690)	(2,690)
Total other financing sources (uses)	98,068	(2,690)	95,378
Net change in fund balances	(77,519)	2,670	(74,849)
Fund balances at beginning of year	573,005	71,663	644,668
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 495,486	\$ 74,333	\$ 569,819

SCHEDULE B-1

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Library <u>Fund</u>	Hazardous Materials Fund	Beautification Fund	Chandler Reservation Fund	Conservation Commission Fund	Expendable Trust Funds	Combining Totals
Revenues: Taxes					962 6 \$		9CL C \$
Interest and investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 6,429 6,727	\$ 32	\$ 13	\$ 3,276		\$ 300	,
Total Revenues	13,156	32	713	3,276	3,901	300	21,378
Expenditures: Current operations:							
Sanitation Culture and represtion	70 011	26	0,000	0	0		76
Capital outlay	6,692		774	079	110,223		190,176
Total Expenditures	85,603	6	422	620	110,223		196,965
Excess revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(72,447)	(65)	291	2,656	(106,322)	300	(175,587)
Other financing sources:	870 87				000		970 90
Total other financing sources	68,068	ı	1	1	30,000		98,068
Net change in fund balances	(4,379)	(65)	291	2,656	(76,322)	300	(77,519)
Fund balances at beginning of year	304,147	5,024	2,262	88,891	120,524	52,157	573,005
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 299,768	\$ 4,959	\$ 2,553	\$ 91,547	\$ 44,202	\$ 52,457	\$ 495,486

SCHEDULE C
TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds - All Private-Purpose Trust Funds
December 31, 2009

ACCETC	Miscellaneous Trust <u>Funds</u>	Foster and Currier Funds	William D. Davis School Fund	Total Private- Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 2,066	\$ 881	\$ 2,947
Investments	\$ 243,754	10,115	12,166	266,035
Total assets	243,754	12,181	13,047	268,982
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust	243,754	12,181	13,047	268,982
Total net assets	<u>\$ 243,754</u>	<u>\$ 12,181</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	\$ 268,982

SCHEDULE D
TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Miscellaneous Trust <u>Funds</u>	Foster and Currier <u>Funds</u>	William D. Davis School <u>Fund</u>	Total Private- Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	
ADDITIONS:					
Contributions:		Φ 270		Φ 250	
Private donations		\$ 250		\$ 250	
Interest	Φ.	337	Φ.	337	
Total Contributions	\$ -	587	\$ -	587	
Investment earnings:					
Interest	8,591	398	309	9,298	
Realized (losses) on investments	(187)			(187)	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	9,880			9,880	
Total Investment Earnings	18,284	398	309	18,991	
Total Additions	18,284	985	309	19,578	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Benefits	3,693	2,450	468	6,611	
Administrative expenses	666			666	
Total Deductions	4,359	2,450	468	7,277	
Change in Net Assets	13,925	(1,465)	(159)	12,301	
Net assets - beginning of year	229,829	13,646	13,206	256,681	
Net assets - end of year	\$ 243,754	\$ 12,181	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	\$ 268,982	

SCHEDULE E

TOWN OF WARNER, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds - All Agency Funds

December 31, 2009

	Planning Board Agency <u>Fund</u>		Timber Bond Agency <u>Fund</u>		Total Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23	\$	2,198	\$	2,221
Total assets	\$	23	\$	2,198	<u>\$</u>	2,221
LIABILITIES						
Deposits	\$	23	\$	2,198	\$	2,221
Total liabilities	\$	23	\$	2,198	\$	2,221